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COMMUNICATION TERMINAL APPARATUS
AND REPRODUCING METHOD

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is related to a communication terminal apparatus equipped with a music reproducing function.

5 Conventionally, while music reproducing functions are employed in communication terminal apparatus, telephone calling sounds are outputted by using the music reproducing functions. For instance, such portable telephone apparatus have been disclosed
10 which may notify telephone calls by way of telephone calling sounds adapted to use environments, while tones and melodies of these telephone calling sounds are automatically changed in relation to peripheral environments of these portable telephone apparatus (for
15 instance, refer to Japanese Laid-open Patent Application No. 2001-223767).

 In the near future, in order to provide reproductions of music in higher tone qualities to users, stereophonic processing operations of reproduced
20 sounds are necessarily required. However, the portable telephone apparatus disclosed in the above-described patent application has explained the technical idea capable of changing the tones and the melodies of the telephone calling sounds, but has not described such a



technical possibility that reproduced sounds are stereophonically processed.

Since housings of portable telephone apparatus have been made more compact, there is an
5 apparent limitation in sizes of speakers which can be mounted on these housings. Basically, maximum sound volumes obtained during reproducing operation are greatly influenced by sizes of mountable speakers. As a result, levels of signals inputted to the speakers
10 are set under such a condition that sounds can be reproduced at possible high levels permitted in the above-described limitation. When reproduced music is stereophonically processed, for instance, since sound components which can be hardly heard in audible levels
15 are added to the original reproduced music signal as effect sounds, the resultant signal level of the reproduced music is increased. As a consequence, if this increased signal level is directly applied to a speaker, then this speaker is driven by such an input
20 signal having a level higher than the maximum input signal level thereof. This may cause such a problem that the reproduced sounds are distorted. To solve this problem, if the signal level is lowered to the same signal level before the music signal is
25 stereophonically processed, then audible sound volumes are lowered. As a result, there are some possibilities that reproduced sounds can be hardly heard. In particular, in the case that reproduced sounds are used

to notify telephone calling sounds, when audible sound volumes become low, users can hardly become aware of the telephone calling sounds. As previously explained, since the reproduced music is stereophonically

5 processed, there are some cases that user friendly operations of the above-described communication terminal apparatus are deteriorated.

As a consequence, an object of the invention is to improve a user friendly operation of a
10 communication terminal apparatus equipped with a music reproducing function.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

To solve the above-described problems, a communication terminal apparatus, according to an
15 aspect of the present invention, is featured by that the communication terminal apparatus is comprised of a storage unit for storing therein a voice signal, and a signal processing unit for stereophonically processing the voice signal stored in the storage unit,
20 in which when the voice signal is reproduced, the communication terminal apparatus switches a setting condition as to whether or not the voice signal is stereophonically processed by the signal processing unit in response to a peripheral condition of this
25 communication terminal apparatus, an identification signal added to the voice signal, or such a condition as to whether or not an earphone is connected to the

communication terminal apparatus.

In accordance with the present invention, the user friendly operation of the communication terminal apparatus equipped with the music reproducing function
5 can be improved.

Other objects, features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following description of the embodiments of the invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

10 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a schematic block diagram for showing an arrangement of a communication terminal apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

15 Fig. 2 is a diagram for illustratively indicating an example of a display screen of the communication terminal apparatus shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a flow chart for describing a telephone-call notifying process operation executed in
20 the communication terminal apparatus shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 4 is a flow chart for explaining an alarm notifying process operation executed in the communication terminal apparatus of Fig. 1.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

25 Fig. 1 is a schematic block diagram for showing an arrangement of a communication terminal

apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention. A description is made of the arrangement and operations of the communication terminal apparatus of this embodiment with reference to Fig. 1.

5 In the communication terminal apparatus, a transmitting/receiving unit 1 transmits and/or receives music data and picture data with respect to an external appliance (not shown). A storage unit 2 stores
10 thereinto the music data and the picture data, which are received from the transmitting/receiving unit 1; data such as a telephone number and a mail address, which are entered by operating an input unit 6 by a user; and a program which is executed by a control unit 4. In the above-described embodiment shown in Fig. 1,
15 all of the entered data and the program are stored in the storage unit 2. However, the present invention is not limited only to this embodiment. Alternatively, while this communication terminal apparatus may be equipped with a plurality of memories, these memories
20 may be separately used so as to store thereinto these data and program in accordance with natures of these data and program. For instance, as to input data, since a removable memory card, or the like may be employed as the storage unit 2, even in such a case
25 that an amount of data which is wanted to be stored is increased, these increased input data may be readily stored into the removable memory card. The input unit 6 is constituted by a plurality of key buttons which

involve numeral keys and function keys.

An optical sensor 3 corresponds to a detector for detecting light/dark conditions around the communication terminal apparatus. The function of this optical sensor 3 may be turned ON/OFF in response to operations by a user. For instance, in such a case that the user wants to switch the function of this optical sensor 3 in response to brightness of the peripheral environment of this communication terminal apparatus, the user turns ON the optical sensor 3. To the contrary, in such a case that the user does not want to switch the function of this optical sensor 3 in response to brightness of the peripheral environment of this communication terminal apparatus, the user turns OFF the optical sensor 3.

The control unit 4 controls the respective structural units, and executes data processing operations based upon the program stored in the storage unit 2. In this control unit 4, a signal processing operation for reproducing music data, and another signal processing operation for stereophonically processing reproduced sound are carried out. In this case, as the process operation for stereophonically (three-dimensionally) processing the reproduced sound, for example, harmonic components are synthesized with each other from frequency components which are contained in original telephone calling sound, and when the original telephone calling sound is reproduced,

this synthesized harmonic sound component is added to the original telephone calling sound, and then, the resulting telephone calling sound is outputted.

However, the process operation for stereophonically
5 processing the reproduced sound is not limited only to this process operation, but may be realized by such a signal processing operation which is performed so as to obtain a three-dimensional effect in a reproduced sound.

10 A speaker 5 outputs both a music signal and various sorts of signals, which have been processed by the control unit 4. A display unit 7 is constructed of a liquid crystal display screen, or the like. This display unit 7 may display thereon a menu screen, a
15 notification message to the user, and so on.

First, a description is made of such a case that a telephone calling sound is stereophonically (three-dimensionally) processed. The user previously sets as to whether or not a telephone calling sound is
20 stereophonically (3-D) processed by operating the input unit 6, as represented in Fig. 2. This 3-D setting operation may be alternatively carried out every telephone calling sound in the case that the user has previously selected an individual telephone calling
25 sound every telephone caller, and also, has previously selected separate telephone calling sounds with respect to such groups as companies and friends. There is a certain case that the user does not want to

stereophonically process certain telephone calling sounds, namely, in the case that some telephone calling sounds are not suitable to be stereophonically processed, and/or the user does not wish to

5 stereophonically process telephone calling sounds issued from a specific group and/or a specific person. As previously explained, since the user presets the 3-D processing operation with respect to each of the selected telephone calling sounds, the stereophonic

10 processing operation may be carried out in accordance with features of telephone calling sounds and utilization modes by the user. It should be understood that when such a 3D-setting data has been added to a telephone calling sound by the writer of telephone

15 calling melody, the control unit 6 executes the sound process operation in accordance with this 3D-setting data irrespective of the user setting condition. This 3D-setting data indicates as to whether or not a reproduced sound is stereophonically processed.

20 Fig. 3 is a flow chart for explaining a telephone-call notifying process operation executed in the case that the communication terminal apparatus of this embodiment receives a telephone call. In this embodiment, a judgement is made as to whether or not

25 the communication terminal apparatus is put into a bag, or the like based upon brightness of a peripheral environment of this communication terminal apparatus, and then, the function for performing whether or not

the telephone calling sound is stereophonically processed is switched in response to the judgement result.

In this telephone-call notifying process operation, the communication terminal apparatus waits to receive a telephone calling signal, and monitors as to whether or not a telephone call is made (step 101). When the control unit 4 detects that the transmitting/receiving unit 1 receives the telephone calling signal (step 102), this control unit 4 judges as to whether or not the function for stereophonically processing the telephone calling sound has been set (step 103).

In such a case that the 3D-setting operation (stereophonic processing function) has not been set, the control unit 4 reproduces the telephone calling sound without performing of the stereophonic sound producing operation (step 105). On the other hand, when the 3D-setting operation has been set, the control unit 4 detects an ON/OFF state of the optical sensor 3 (step 104).

When the optical sensor 3 is turned ON, the optical sensor 3 senses brightness of a peripheral environment of the communication terminal apparatus, and then, outputs this sensed brightness to the control unit 4. When the control unit 4 judges that the sensed brightness is larger than, or equal to a predetermined value (step 106), the control unit 4 executes the stereophonic sound producing process operation, and

outputs the telephone calling sound from the speaker 5 (step 107). On the other hand, in such a case that illuminance is smaller than a predetermined illuminance value, the control unit 4 changes the sound level to
5 either a maximum sound level or a sound level which is larger than the sound level set by the user, and then outputs the level-changed telephone calling sound (step 108). In the case that illuminance is larger than, or equal to the predetermined value, the control unit 4
10 executes the stereophonic processing operation, and then outputs the stereophonically-processed telephone calling sound from the speaker 5.

In the case that the optical sensor 3 is turned OFF, the control unit 4 outputs such a
15 reproduced sound which has been stereophonically processed in accordance with the 3D-setting operation (step 107).

In accordance with the communication terminal apparatus of this embodiment, in the case that the
20 control unit 4 judges that the communication terminal apparatus is not put into the bag, or the like and the peripheral environment thereof is light, the telephone calling sound is stereophonically processed, and thus, the stereophonically-processed telephone calling sound
25 is outputted, so that the telephone calling melody having the high sound quality can be provided to the user. Also, in such a case that the control unit 4 judges that the communication terminal apparatus is put

into the bag, or the like, since the stereophonic processing operation is not carried out, the audible sound levels becomes high, so that the original function owned by the telephone calling sound (namely,
5 telephone call is notified to user) is not deteriorated.

Next, an explanation is made of such a case that an alarm sound of, for example, an alarm clock is stereophonically processed. In this embodiment, a
10 function as to whether or not an alarm sound is stereophonically processed is switched in response to brightness of a peripheral environment of the alarm clock. The user previously sets an alarm notifying time instant, previously selects an alarm sound, and
15 previously sets as to whether or not the selected alarm sound is stereophonically processed by using the input unit 6.

Fig. 4 is a flow chart for describing an alarm notifying process operation. The control unit 4
20 executes a time measuring process operation (step 301), and when the control unit 4 detects that the present time becomes the preset time instant (step 302), this control unit 4 judges as to whether or not the stereophonic processing operation (3D-setting operation)
25 of the alarm sound has been set (step 303).

In the case that the 3D-setting operation has not been set, the control unit 4 reproduces the alarm sound without executing the stereophonic processing

operation of the alarm sound (step 305). On the other hand, in the case that the control unit 4 detects an ON/OFF state of the optical sensor 3 (step 304).

When the optical sensor 3 is turned ON, the
5 optical sensor 3 senses brightness of the peripheral environment of the alarm clock, and then, outputs this sensed brightness to the control unit 4. When the control unit 4 judges that the sensed brightness is larger than, or equal to a predetermined value (step
10 306), the control unit 4 executes the stereophonic sound producing process operation, and outputs an alarm sound from the speaker 5 (step 307). On the other hand, in such a case that illuminance is smaller than a predetermined illuminance value, the control unit 4
15 outputs an alarm sound in such a manner that an audible sound level of this alarm sound is increased, while the control unit 4 does not execute the stereophonic processing operation (step 308). In the case that illuminance is larger than, or equal to the predeter-
20 mined illuminance value, the control unit 4 executes the stereophonic processing operation, and then outputs the stereophonically-processed alarm sound from the speaker 5 in such a manner that a sound quality thereof is improved.

25 As previously explained, since the setting condition as to whether or not the stereophonic processing operation of the voice data is switched in response to the peripheral environmental condition,

while the three-dimensional effect of the alarm
notifying sound is achieved so as to improve the sound
quality thereof, when the alarm sound of the alarm
clock is reproduced in the dark place, the alarm sound
5 having the high sound level can be notified, which can
improve the user friendly operation.

Although the optical sensor is mounted on the
communication terminal apparatus of the above-described
embodiment, the present invention is not limited
10 thereto. Alternatively, for example, while a camera
sensor mounted on a communication terminal apparatus
may be employed, brightness of a peripheral environment
of this communication terminal apparatus may be
detected based upon data acquired by this camera
15 sensor. As a result, such an optical sensor is no
longer provided on the communication terminal
apparatus, and a total number of structural components
may be reduced.

Also, in this embodiment, the brightness of
20 the peripheral environment is detected in order to
switch the function as to whether or not the
stereophonic processing operation of the reproduced
sound is carried out, but the present invention is not
limited only to this process operation. Alternatively,
25 the stereophonic processing operation of the reproduced
sound may be switched by detecting, for instance, such
conditions as to whether or not the user takes the
communication terminal apparatus on his hand, whether

or not an alarm shell type communication terminal
apparatus is opened, or whether or not an operation
button is depressed. For example, while a touch sensor
is employed, the setting operation as to whether or not
5 the stereophonic processing operation is carried out by
detecting such a condition as to whether or not the
user takes the communication terminal apparatus on his
hand.

Furthermore, while it is not determined as to
10 whether or not a stereophonic processing operation of a
reproduced sound is carried out based upon a detection
result obtained from a state detecting means, the
reproduced sound may be firstly outputted without
executing the stereophonic processing operation, and
15 after a predetermined time duration has elapsed, the
stereophonic processing operation of the reproduced
sound may be carried out.

In the above-described embodiment, when
either the telephone calling melody or the alarm
20 notifying sound is reproduced, the setting condition as
to whether or not the stereophonic processing operation
is carried out is switched. However, the present
invention is not limited only to this switching
operation. Alternatively, the above-described
25 inventive idea of the present invention may be applied
to such a case that voice data received from another
communication terminal apparatus is reproduced, voice
data downloaded from another communication terminal

apparatus is reproduced, and voice data stored in a storage medium such as a memory card is reproduced.

For instance, in such a case that data such as movies is reproduced, if stereophonic sounds are reproduced from a speaker with having an attendance feeling, then the stereophonic sounds may give annoying noise to any persons around a user. Also, even when the data is stereophonically processed, there are some possibilities that a user cannot hear this stereophonic sound in a noisy place. In order to solve these difficulties, when an instruction of reproducing data is entered from the user to the control unit 4, the control unit 4 confirms as to whether or not an earphone is connected to the communication terminal apparatus. Then, the control unit 4 controls switching operations in such a manner that when the earphone is connected to the communication terminal apparatus, the control unit 4 performs the stereophonic processing operation. In the case that the earphone is not connected to the communication terminal apparatus, but the reproduced sound is outputted from the speaker 5, the control unit 4 does not execute the stereophonic processing operation. As explained above, since the setting condition as to whether or not the stereophonic process operation is performed is switched in response to such a condition as to whether or not the earphone is connected, the data can be reproduced in connection with the use condition. Alternatively, such a message

may be displayed on the display unit 7 before the data is reproduced, namely, "voice is 3D-reproduced", and "3D-reproduction cannot be performed by speaker. When 3D-reproduction is required, please use earphone."

5 Also, it is desirable to employ two switching operations, namely, switching operation for switching the stereophonic processing operation in accordance with the connection of the earphone, and the user himself switches as to whether or not the stereophonic
10 process operation is carried out irrespective of the connection condition. There are some cases that when voice data is received under deteriorated voice quality, if this voice data is stereophonically processed, then the stereophonically processed voice
15 data becomes noisy and therefore the user can hardly hear this voice data. In such a case, since the stereophonic process operation is switched in response to a desirable condition by the user irrespective of the connection condition of the earphone, the user
20 friendly operation can be improved.

 Also, in the case of data such as movies, there are some possibilities that the writer does not want to perform the stereophonic processing operation in the communication terminal apparatus. For instance,
25 when an instruction for reproducing the movie data is entered from the user, the control unit 4 confirms as to whether or not prohibit data is contained in a header, or the like of this data to be reproduced.

This prohibit data is used to prohibit the stereophonic processing operation. When the prohibit data is contained, the control unit 4 controls the communication terminal apparatus in such a manner that the stereophonic processing operation is not carried out irrespective of the connecting condition of the earphone and also the switching operation for the setting condition by the user. It should be noted that it is preferable to display such a message "3D-reproduction is prohibited" before the data is reproduced. As a result, such a problem can be avoided. That is, the user repeatedly inputs the 3D-reproducing instruction, while the user does not know the prohibition of such a 3D-reproducing operation.

Alternatively, the writer may add recommendation data for recommending a stereophonic processing operation to voice data to be reproduced, not only the prohibit data, and then, may distribute the resultant voice data. In the case that such a voice data attached with the recommendation data is reproduced, after the control unit 4 automatically performs the stereophonic processing operation, the control unit 4 outputs the voice except for such a case that the user has set that the execution of the stereophonic processing operation is prohibited. As a result, the voice data can be reproduced by accepting writing intention of the writer.

It should be further understood by those

skilled in the art that although the foregoing
description has been made on embodiments of the
invention, the invention is not limited thereto and
various changes and modifications may be made without
5 departing from the spirit of the invention and the
scope of the appended claims.